



IEA Task 46 Erosion of Wind Turbine Blades

IEA Task 46: Where are we now?

Charlotte Bay Hasager (DTU), Operating Agent



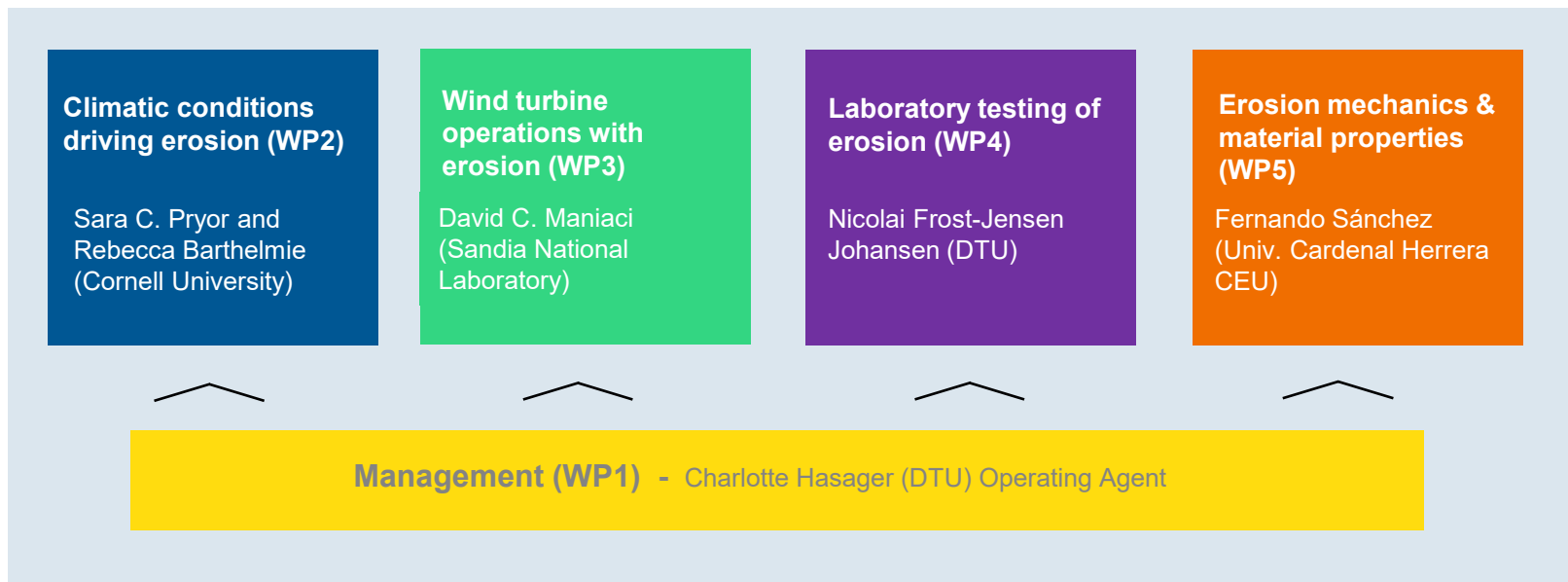
The purpose of IEA Task 46 is to

- improve understanding of the erosion driving factors,
- develop datasets and model tools to enhance prediction of leading-edge erosion likelihood,
- identify damage at the earliest possible stage and,
- advance potential solutions.

Coordination



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Timeline (year #4)



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Date	event	status
31/03//2023	Invoicing year # 4	August 2024
18/04/2024	7th bi-annual plenary meeting (online)	online
21-24/05/2024	Task 46 presents in ExCo #94 (Italy)	Face-to-face ExCo
Aug/2024	Quarterly coordination telco (WPLs & OA)	
17-18/09/2024	Presentation at Blade workshop, NM, USA	Face-to-face public
19/09/2024	Special Session from Task 46 Albuquerque, NM, US - Sandia as Host	Face-to-face public
19-20/09/2024	8th bi-annual plenary meeting in Albuquerque, NM, US - Sandia as Host	Face-to-face task participants
Autumn 2024	ExCo #95 (online)	online
Nov/2024	Quarterly coordination telco (WPLs & OA)	online
5 Dec/2024	Dissemination public webinar	online
Feb/2025	Quarterly coordination telco (WPLs & OA)	online
4-6/02/2025	Final presentations 6th Erosion symposium	Face-to-face public
7/2/2024	Technical Workshop	Face-to-face task participants
March/2025	Final bi-annual plenary meeting (online)	online
14/03/2025	FINAL REPORT	



Dissemination events planned beyond Phase 1

- Wind Europe 18-20 April 2025 in Copenhagen
 - Oral presentation *Hasager et al.*
- Wind Energy Science Conference (WESC) 24-27 June 2025 in Nantes
 - Mini-Symposium: Leading Edge Erosion: An Aerodynamic Perspective

MS#03.2 Leading Edge Erosion: An Aerodynamic Perspective



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- **F. GRASSO¹, D. MANIACI², G. SCHEPERS³, A. OLSEN⁴**

¹ Vestas Technology Centre Porto | ² Sandia Lab | ³ TNO | ⁴ DTU Dept of Wind and Energy Systems

- **Aerodynamics, aeroelasticity and acoustics**

The erosion of the leading edge is a critical issue which reduces the lifetime of the blades.

Tailored maintenance strategies and protective solutions for the leading edge became more and more popular development topics. The symposium focuses on the impact of the erosion on the rotor performance and its implications in terms of aerodynamic modelling and blade design strategy.

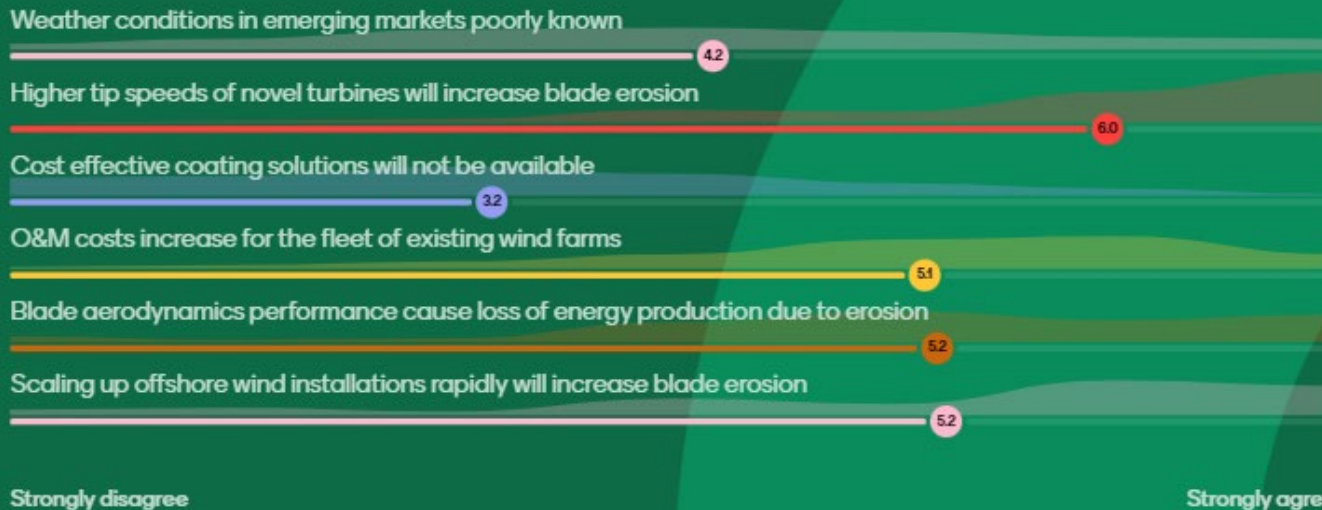
- The IEA Task 46 (Erosion of wind turbine blades), the IEA Task 47 (TURBINIA TURBulent INflow Innovative Aerodynamics), and the Danish project LERCat (Leading Edge Roughness Categorisation) jointly organize the mini-symposium.



Join at menti.com | use code 5199988



What challenges do you foresee on blade erosion 10 years from now?





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IEA Task 46 Phase 1 and Phase 2

- Phase 1 started 15 March 2021 and end 14 March 2025
- Phase 2 starts 15 March 2025 and end 14 March 2029



Purpose of the Task 46 extension

- The purpose of the extension of the IEA Wind Task 46 is to further improve understanding of the erosion driving factors, develop datasets and model tools to enhance prediction of leading-edge erosion likelihood, identify damage at the earliest possible stage and advance potential solutions.

Task Scope Alignment with Research Priorities by IEA Wind TCP



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- ***Resource and site characterization***: Improving the practices in resource characterization regarding susceptibility to erosion at wind farm sites.
- ***Advanced technology***: erosion damage models, material properties, characterization of erosion resistance; characterization and improvement of wind turbine operation with erosion.



Task Scope Alignment with Grand Challenges

- Wind resources, atmospheric science, and the physics of air flow at wind farms.
- System dynamics and materials involved in wind turbines and wind farm technology.
- Optimization and control of wind farm operation and maintenance for reliability and resiliency.

IEA Task 46 Phase 2 coordination



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Work Package	Lead organization
WP 1: Management	DTU (DK) Professor Charlotte Bay Hasager (Operating Agent) Professor Christian Bak (Co-operating Agent)
WP 2: Climatic conditions	Cornell University (US) Professor Sara Pryor (WP-lead) Professor Rebecca Barthelmie (Co-lead)
WP 3: Wind turbine operation with erosion	Sandia National Laboratories (US) David Maniaci, PhD Rotor Blade and Wind Plant Aerodynamics Lead (WP-lead) CENER (ES) Beatriz Mendez, PhD Head of Aerodynamics and Hidrodynamics (Co-lead) University of Lancaster (UK) Sergio Campobasso, PhD Senior Lecturer (Co-lead)
WP 4: Laboratory testing of erosion and material blade integration	DTU (DK) Nicolai Frost-Jensen Johansen, PhD Development Engineer (WP-lead) AIST (JP) Motofumi Tanaka, PhD Senior Researcher (Co-lead)

Objectives and Expected Results



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WP 2: Climatic conditions

PIRT (International Phenomena Identification and Ranking) analysis to identify meteorological parameters of critical importance to LEE

Recommended report for measurement of LEE drivers

Assessment of modelling capabilities to represent key atmospheric drivers of LEE

Roadmap for LEE atlas

Objectives and Expected Results cont.



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WP 3: Wind turbine operation with erosion

Updated erosion classification system with report, collaboration across work packages with recent participant results

Aerodynamic benchmarking and simulations, and reference models

AEP loss and reference erosion turbines models

Design of an experiment to assess the accuracy of LEE performance loss models

Development of methods for erosion safe-mode operation

Lifetime erosion modelling and O&M decision making

Improved droplet impingement model for use in fatigue analysis based on field observations

System integration and uncertainty analysis

Objectives and Expected Results cont.



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WP 4: Laboratory testing of erosion

Large-scale comparison and round robin of RET testers

RET under different climatic conditions and effect of droplet size and impact rate on coating lifetime

Impact of microplastics emissions from erosion

Incorporation of weathering into RET protocol

Design of specimens with predefined defects

Bridging the gap between several durability testing and material property

Analysis on failure modes and mechanisms of various soft materials to integrate into modelling

Material failure in the real blade erosion



Deliverables

Approximately 20 technical documents with actionable information for the industry and academia:

- 8 deliverables with high TRL results including recommended reports and validated models.
- 12 deliverables with low TRL results including literature surveys, state of the art reports, roadmaps and reports on available technologies.



Outreach and Dissemination

- Webinars outreach yearly
- Face to face contributions to conferences such as the International Symposium on Erosion of Wind Turbine Blades each year
- Deliverables at the Task 46 website

IEA Task 46 Phase 2 project plan



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The approved Phase 2 project plan is available at

https://share.dtu.dk/sites/IEA_WIND_T46_493900/Shared%20Documents/Forms/AllItems.aspx?id=%2Fsites%2FIEA%5FWIND%5FT46%5F493900%2FShared%20Documents%2FPhase%202%2FWork%20Plan

Participants

- The work plan is delivered by 41 organizations from 12 countries:
 - 1 certification body
 - 6 wind farm owners
 - 2 consultancy
 - 4 wind turbine manufacturers
 - 8 coating manufacturers
 - 19 academic/R&D organizations

Country	Contracting Party	Participant Organization
Belgium	Belgian Ministry of Economy	Engie
Canada	Natural Resources Canada	WEICan
Denmark	Danish Energy Agency	DTU , Hempel, Ørsted, PowerCurve, Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy,
Finland	Business Finland	VTT
Germany	Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy	Fraunhofer IWES , Emil Frei (Freilacke), Nordex Energy SE, Mankiewicz, RWE, Henkel
Ireland	Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland	South East Technological University, University of Galway, University of Limerick
Japan	New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization	AIST, Osaka University, Tokyo Gas Co. Asahi Rubber Inc.
Netherlands	Netherlands Enterprise Agency	TU Delft, TNO
Norway	Norwegian Water Resources and Energy Directorate	Equinor, University of Bergen, Statkraft
Spain	Centre for Energy, Environmental and Technological Research	Aerox, CENER, Nordex Energy Spain, DNV Iberica, Universidad Cardenal Herrera – CEU
UK	Offshore Renewable Energy Catapult	ORE Catapult, University of Bristol, Lancaster University, Imperial College, Vestas UK, Ilosta
US	US Department of Energy	Cornell University, Sandia National Laboratories, 3M



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Who can participate in Task 46?



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<https://iea-wind.org/task46/>

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Erosion of Wind Turbine Blades



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Thank you!

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IEA Wind is part of IEA's Technology Collaboration Programme (TCP).

Contact

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